

QUESTION PAPER DESIGN 2020

POLITICAL SCIENCE

Code No. 028

CLASS-XII

Time: 3 hours

Max. Marks: 100

S. No	Typology of Questions	Objective	Objective type Question (1 Marks)	Very Short Answer (2 Mark)	Short Answer (4Marks)	Passage (Seen and unseen) based question (5 marks)	Map Based Question (5marks)	Long Answer II (6 Marks)	Marks	% Weight age
1	Remembering: (Knowledge based Simple Questions, to know specific facts, terms, concepts, principles, or theories; Identify, define, or recite, information)	Assessing various learning outcomes Reasoning Analytical Skills Critical thinking	3	1	2	-	-	2	25	25%
2	Understanding: (Comprehension- to be familiar with meaning and to understand conceptually, interpret, compare, contrast, explain, paraphrase information)		3	-1	1	1	-	1	20	20%
3	Application: (use abstract information in concrete situation, to apply knowledge to new situations; User given content to interpret a situation. Provide an example, or solve a problem)		3	1	-	-	1	2	22	22%
4	High order Thinking Skills (Analysis and Synthesis- Classify, compare contrast, or differentiate between different pieces of information; Organize and/or integrate unique pieces of information from a variety of sources) (Includes Map interpretation)		3	1	1	1	-	1	20	20%
5	Evaluation (Appraise, judge, and /or justify the value or worth of a decision or outcome, or to predict outcomes based on values)		3	3	1	-	-	-	13	13%
Total			1*15=15	2*7=14	4*5=20	5*2=10	5*1=5	6*6=36	100	100%

SAMPLE QUESTION PAPER (2019-2020)
POLITICAL SCIENCE (028)
CLASS XII

Time allowed: 3Hrs.

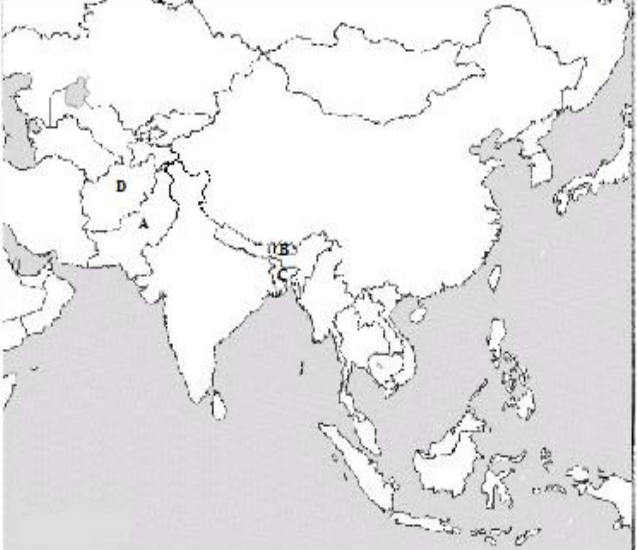
Max Marks-100

General Instructions:	
a)	All questions are compulsory.
b)	Questions nos. 1 has 15 subparts (a-o) is MCQ based carry 1 mark each. Answer should not exceed 20 words each.
c)	Questions nos. 2to 8 carry 2 marks each. Answer should not exceed 40 words each.
d)	Questions nos. 9 to 13 carry 4 marks each. Answer should not exceed 100 words each.
e)	Question nos. 14 to 16 carry 5 marks each. Two passage (seen and unseen) based questions and one map based question.
f)	Question nos. 17 to22 to 30 carry 6 marks each. Each with an internal choice. Answer should not exceed 150 words each.

SECTION A (VVSAT) / OBJECTIVE TYPE 1*15 = 15		
Q1(a)	Who used the term cold war for the first time?	1 (Remembering)
(b)	When did reunification of Germany took place?	(remembering)
©	Select the correct statement about NAM: (a) It was a military and economic bloc. (b) It was formed and controlled by capitalist bloc. (c) It was formed and controlled by communist bloc. (d) It was simply a movement of newly independent states of Asia and Africa.	(Evaluate)
(d)	Correct and rewrite the statement:- USA attacked Afghanistan and in return Taliban attacked twin towers in USA on 9/11.	(Evaluate)
(e)	From which state art.370 was recently abrogated?	(application)
(f)	Name the movement to whom following persons are associated? (a) Medha Patkar (b) Gouri Devi.....	(application)
(g)	What is mixed economy? (answer in one line)	(HOTS)

(h)	The Rio summit recommended a list of developmental practices is known as	(HOTS)
(i)	Name the political party with whom following persons are associated:- (a) Arvind kejrival (b) Umer Abdullah	(understanding/knowledge)
(j)	When was congress party formed; (a) 1985 (b)1885 (c) 1920 (d)None of the above	Remembering
(k)	Who is considered the main architect of India's liberal economy post soviet disintegration?	Application
(l)	The phrase "Aya Ram Gaya Ram" is related to in the Indian context.	Knowledge/Understanding
(m)	Select the option for the leader and the country that helped to reach the Tashkent agreement between India and Pakistan: 1.India, Nehru 2.USSR, Kosygin 3.Egypt, Nasser 4. USA, Kennedy	HOTS
(n)	Which of the political party has recently formed govt.in national capital (Delhi) : (a) BJP (b) AAP (c) Congress (d) BSP	Knowledge/understanding
(o)	Lotus is Election symbol of which political party?	Evaluate
	SECTION B (VSAT) 2*7=14	
Q2	What is cold war? Or Which geographical area constitute south Asia?	(remembering)
Q3	Why did India adopt planning ? Or Mention any two objectives of planning in India?	(Evaluate)
Q4	Explain briefly disarmament?	(understanding)
Q5	Give the meaning of defection? or what is national level political party?	(application)
Q6	What is globalization?	(HOTS)
Q7	What is agenda 21?	Evaluate
Q8	What explain briefly regional level political party? Or Which political party is oldest regional political party in Jammu and Kashmir?	(Evaluate)
	Section C SAT 4*5=20	

Q9	<p>Explain hegemony as hard power? OR How American hegemony over world politics can be overcome?</p>	HOTS
Q10	<p>What are the various functions of security council? Or Suggest various measures to make united nations more democratic?</p>	Remembering
Q11	<p>What are the various challenges to democracy in India?</p>	Evaluation
Q12	<p>Express briefly the various consequences of partition over India ?</p>	Understanding
Q13	<p>What is Chipko movement? OR Write short note on Bhartiya kisan Union?</p>	Remembering
	<p>SECTION D Passage and map based question 5*3=15</p>	
Q 14	<p>Read the passage given below and answer the following questions:- "... Indra Gandhi changed the congress into highly centralized and undemocratic party organization, from the earlier federal, democratic and ideological formation that Nehru had led,..but this could not have happened had not Indra Gandhi changed the entire nature of politics . This new populist politics turned political ideology into a mere electoral discourse, use of various slogans not meant to be translated into government policies..... During its great electoral victories in early 1970s, amidst the celebration, the congress party as a political organization died...." <p style="text-align: center;">-----<i>sudipta kaviraj</i></p> <p>(a) What according to author is the difference between the strategies of Nehru and Indra Gandhi? (b) Why does the author say that the congress party died in seventies?</p> </p>	HOTS/understanding

<p>Q15</p>	<p>Two developments strained relationship . China annexed Tibet in 1950s and thus , removed a historical buffer between the two states. Initially, the govt. of India did not oppose this openly. But as more information came in about the suppression of Tibetan culture, the Indian govt. grew uneasy. The Tibetan spiritual leader, Dalai lama sought and obtained political asylum in India in 1959. China alleged that govt. of India was allowing anti -china activities to take place from within India.</p> <p>(a) What do you mean by 'historical buffer'?</p> <p>(b) How far was it justified on the part of India to grant political asylum to Dalai Lama and thousands of Tibetan refugees?</p>	<p>understanding</p>
<p>Q16</p>	<p>In the given outline map of South Asia 4 countries have been marked as A,B, and D . Identify them on the basis of information given below and write their correct names in your answer book with their respective serial number of the information used and alphabet concerned as per the following format</p> 	<p>Application</p>

S no. of Information used	Alphabet concerned	Name of the country
i		
ii		
iii		
iv		

(i) The country has experienced civilian as well as military rule both.

(ii) Democracy was restored in this country in 2006

(iii) This country is still a monarchy.

(iv) The Parliament of this country voted unanimously to introduce multi-party system in June 2005.

SECTION E LAT 6*6=36

Q20 Q17	What do you understand by Green Revolution? Discuss its positive as well as negative aspects. OR what are the various functions of planning commission of India?	Application
Q20 Q18	Discuss the main aspects of India's nuclear policy? OR What are the main objectives of India's foreign policy?	Remembering
Q21 Q19	Describe the 'indigenous people' and highlight any two threats to their survival? OR What do you mean by new international economic order? Discuss any four reforms of the global trading system proposed by UNCTAD in 1972 ?	Understanding
Q22 Q20	State the factors responsible for popularity of Indra Gandhi's government in early 1970's? OR Do you think the performance of congress party has declined in Indian politics. Elucidate?	HOTS
Q23 Q21	What were the reasons responsible for Soviet disintegration? OR What were the consequences of soviet disintegration over world politics?	application

Q24 Q22	Trace the significance of BJP as a political force in Indian politics since 1980's? OR Mention any four features of India's nuclear policy?	Remembering

Rationale and Analysis

" If I had an hour to solve a problem, and my life depended upon the solution ,I would spend the first 55 minutes determining the question to ask.....for once I know the proper question, I could solve the problem in less than five minutes."- Elbert Einstein

Analysis and rationale for the preparation of the model question paper in political science for class 12th,year 2020.

The recent question paper set by CBSE overlooks some important issues . These are as following: -

- ✚ The question paper ignores proper proportion of different question forms like LAT,SA,VSA and MCQs.*
- ✚ The question paper stresses on LOTS exclusively instead of HOTS.*
- ✚ The questions asked are limiting the focus of the learner to the textbook only and therefore, encourages rote/cram learning.*
- ✚ The questions asked encourage memorization instead of comprehension.*
- ✚ The learners score more marks but struggle to develop political analysis and thinking.*
- ✚ The question paper is too lengthy, the examinee struggles to do justice with the question paper.*

This model question paper runs parallel to the skills being tested by the question paper set by CBSE.The special attraction of the modal paper is as:-

- ✚ The question paper contains different types question forms on the principle of equity.*
- ✚ The question paper reflects higher order thinking skills (HOTS).*
- ✚ The question paper also takes into account the current politics which are related to the content of the text book.*
- ✚ The question paper provides adequate space to the competencies like knowledge, comprehension,application, evaluation and critical thinking to assess students knowledge in the subject.This allows the below average, average, above average and extraordinary learners to score as per their General capacity.*
- ✚ The question paper should be comprehensive means it should cover all the units as per marks weightage.*

The question paper should be comprehensive means it should cover all units as per the marks weightage.