

Syllabus
Sociology
CLASS-XII (2023-24)

1	<p>Unit I- origin and Emergence</p> <p>1. Emergence of Sociology: Historical Background Meaning, Nature and Scope of Sociology.</p> <p>2. Relationship of Sociology with other Social Sciences: Political Science, History, Economics, Psychology and Anthropology.</p>
2	<p>Unit II- Basic Concepts in Sociology</p> <p>3. Society, Community and Association: Society – Meaning and Features, Relationship between individual and society; Community – Meaning and features; Association – Meaning and Features, Difference between Society, Community and Association.</p> <p>4. Social Groups: Meaning and Features, Types – Primary and Secondary group, In-group and Out-group.</p>
3	<p>Unit III- Culture , Socialisation and Social Institutions</p> <p>5. Culture: Meaning and features, Material and Non-Material culture.</p> <p>6. Socialisation: Meaning, Socialisation as a process of learning, Agencies of Socialisation: Formal and Informal Agencies.</p> <p>7. Marriage, Family and Kinship.</p> <p>8. Polity, Religion, Economy and Education.</p>
4	<p>Unit IV- Social Structure, Social Stratification, Social Change and Founding Fathers of Sociology</p> <p>9. Social Structure: Meaning, features and Elements – Status and Role.</p> <p>10. Social Stratification: Concept, Forms, Caste and Class, Features and Differences.</p> <p>11. Social Change: Meaning, Features and Factors – Demographic, Educational and Technological.</p> <p>12. Western Sociological Thinkers: Auguste Comte – Positivism, Law of Three Stages, Karl Marx – Class and Class conflict, Emile Durkheim –Social Facts, Division of Labour, Max Weber – Social Action, Types of Authority, Sociology of Religion.</p>